

Before 2020, "Pandemic Depression" might have been the name of a high schooler's garage band. Now, mental illness is a real concern for families living a Coronavirus reality.

Are the kids all right? It's sometimes hard to tell.

"Children don't always understand what they're feeling. For example, fear presents differently at different ages," said Michelle Roley-Roberts, PhD, licensed clinical child and adolescent psychologist at CHI Health.

A young child might repeat the same question - "What's for dinner?" over and over. They're not looking for an answer. "They're looking for reassurance," said Dr. Roley-Roberts. Others may act out more, while some will isolate.

Seek help if you see major differences in how your child behaves. Meanwhile, be kind, consistent and an example to follow.

"Kids look to parents to provide safety. But we can't say with 100 percent

certainty that we can be safe. A parent can say: 'I'm feeling frustrated not knowing what's going to happen. Maybe you feel this way too.' Part of providing safety is labeling or creating a vocabulary about feelings."

#### **Signs of Emotional Struggle**



- Excessive crying/irritation in younger children
- Excessive worry/sadness



- Unhealthy eating/sleeping
- Irritability/"acting out" in teens



 Poor school performance/ avoiding school

- Difficulties with attention/ concentration
- Avoiding activities enjoyed in the past
- Unexplained headaches/ body pain
- Use of alcohol/tobacco/ other drugs

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

## Dos and Don'ts from Dr. Roley-Roberts

**Don't lose hope:** "The majority of people who experience a traumatic event – such as a pandemic – recover spontaneously."

**Don't** overcompensate. "Parents ask if they should do something special since kids are going through this. If we're constantly providing for our kids, they don't learn how to do things themselves."

**Do pay attention:** "For kids with anxiety or depression, sometimes new traumatic events can amplify problems. At other times, kids can look more functional in some ways but not in other ways because they've already learned how to deal with chaotic situations."



# **Change is Hard:**

# **Coping Skills You Can Count On**

Whether it's the end to summer break, or a world-altering global pandemic, the skills we use to deal with change remain the same.

"Positive coping skills should be introduced at a young age, improved upon and reinforced as children grow. They're tools children can rely on today and for their entire life. They aren't just something parents or teachers lecture about. If practiced correctly, they can empower and effectively help families deal with any challenge," said Bridget Mostek, LIMHP, CHI Health mental health therapist.

Mostek recommends flexibility when working with adolescents. "A coping skill that works to alleviate stress or anxiety today may not have the same effect tomorrow," she said.

"Don't be afraid to try new things, share ideas and talk about the results as a family."

When in doubt, Mostek encourages getting back to basics.

"To deal, teens rely heavily on electronic devices. That's their go-to, but devices may help them avoid, not necessarily accept, change," she said. "Stepping away from the phones to pay attention to yourself or reconnect as a family is healthier and can be more effective."

### "Change is the only constant in life"-Heraclitus, 500 B.C.

#### **Just Breathe**

Breathing, and doing it correctly, can be one of the easiest, most accessible and successful coping strategies. Mostek recommends the 4, 7, 8 rule. Take a breath in for 4 seconds, hold it for 7 seconds, release for 8 seconds; then repeat. Slowing down our heart rate allows for better focus, alleviates anxiety and helps us to calm our mind for better, more rational decisionmaking.



#### **5G mobile networks DO NOT** spread COVID-19.

TRUE. Viruses cannot travel on mobile phone networks or radio waves. COVID-19 is spread through respiratory droplets when an infected person coughs, sneezes or speaks. People can also be infected by touching a contaminated surface and then their eyes, mouth or nose.

#### **Wearing medical masks DOES** NOT cause oxygen deficiency.

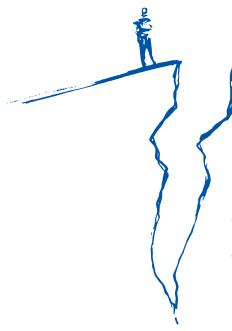
TRUE. Masks can be uncomfortable, but they do not cause CO2 intoxication or oxygen deficiency. Masks aren't recommended for children under the age of two as they could become a choking hazard.

#### Masks must be disinfected with chemicals to be reused.

**FALSE.** You can run your cloth mask through the washing machine and dryer after use. You can also handwash using soap and dry in the sun. Disposable surgical masks can be placed in a paper bag for seven days and reused.

#### **Products shipped from overseas** carry COVID-19.

**FALSE.** The likelihood of becoming infected with COVID-19 from a commercial package is low since it has likely traveled over several days and been exposed to different temperatures and conditions during transit.



# **When 6 Feet Feels Miles Apart:**

Maintaining Meaningful Relationships

Imagine being a teen in 2020 - a year when going to school, playing sports and hanging out with friends looks a lot different. COVID-19 is challenging the way we create and maintain relationships - social norms that are essential to our overall mental and physical health.

"We are social beings," said Jessica Jackson, LIMHP, CHI Health mental health therapist. "There's a fundamental need for inclusion in groups, being around other people and having relationships. There's evidence that there's mental and physical effects on the brain and body when our need for social interaction is not met."

Jackson said social isolation can cause learning and memory to become hindered and bring on increased feelings of stress, anxiety and depression.

"Kids and adults can become worried or scared, so they avoid social situations instead of being educated on safe ways to social distance," Jackson said.

The important thing to know is you can still be with friends and socialize safely – whether it's an in-person or virtual activity.

"Being open to trying different ways of communicating like talking on the phone or using Zoom can help fulfill a person's social needs," Jackson said. "It may feel uncomfortable at first, but it could actually be enjoyable once you try it."

Social distancing is just part of the puzzle. It can be hard for kids to take it seriously and understand why it's necessary.

"Anytime there's uncertainty, there's going to be anxiety - not only for kids, but also for adults and families," Jackson said. "Pay attention to that and talk about how kids are feeling, fears they're having and why we social distance."

Jackson said setting and enforcing boundaries in the household, leading by example and having open dialogue are the most important steps parents can take.

"Kids look to parents for security and safety, so be aware, stay calm, be a good role model and provide reassurance," she said.

## **Meet in the Middle**

What if your kids' friends aren't taking the same precautions as your family?



- Talk with your children sometimes their friends may have different beliefs and that's okay
- Teach your kids not to point blame, but acknowledge differences among others
- Listen to your children's concerns and validate those feelings
- Make the decision that is right for your family



## **Screen Time:** Good vs. Bad

With less social interaction, screen time has increased in many households. The most important thing you can do as a parent is set limits and monitor screen time.

#### The bad:

- There are a lot of negative articles and conspiracy theories about the virus on the Internet, which can incite fear and anxiety among kids. Teach them what to look for in articles, how to think critically and ask information-seeking questions.
- If social media isn't monitored, it could have negative effects like cyberbullying.
- Too much time spent on devices can cause unhealthy sleep and diet habits. Make sure a routine is in place and do what's best for your family; give time frames for screen time.

#### The good:

- + Social media and electronic devices allow us to connect, which helps us initiate conversation and form or maintain relationships outside of the in-person realm.
- + Technology can also be used to enhance learning through games, activities and reading.





Watching a nation face COVID-19 can be confusing, stressful and sometimes frightening for adults and children.

Every child's situation is different, but could some be traumatized?

"There is definitely multi-directional trauma exposure to kids coming from a number of places," said Monica Arora, MD, CHI Health child and adolescent psychiatrist.

You don't have to go through a traumatic event, such as war, to experience trauma. It can just be an overwhelming or frightening experience that is out of our control.

We are in an unusual and uncertain time. The stress and anxiety children are experiencing could be from a number of different factors.

- » Separation from loved ones who are hospitalized due to COVID-19 and/or fear that they may catch the disease
- » School closures thrust many kids into taking care of younger siblings

- » Loss of the structure school provides, including important daily interaction with teachers and friends
- » Job loss in the family, leaving children worried about basic essentials - food, clothing and housing

Children's reactions from a traumatic event vary depending on age. See "Signs of Emotional Struggle" on page 1.

Children may have difficulty sleeping through the night. Some may be filled with worry about family and friends. Teens may say they're fine when in reality they are suffering from anxiety.

#### **How to Support Children**

It's important to reiterate safety and validate their feelings. "Reassure children they are okay and safe. Provide age-appropriate, simple and honest answers," said Dr. Arora.

Teenagers often hide their emotions. Be a resource for those who wish to talk. Remember, kids are tuned into grown-up's reactions. To best support your child, you must take care of yourself too.

# **Safe Socializing:** Fun at a Distance

- » Go for a bike ride or walk outside
- » Gather with a small group of family and friends while wearing masks and following the 6 foot rule
- » Watch a movie together over Zoom
- » FaceTime friends and loved ones
- » Challenge friends to a virtual game



# More Family Time? Try New Activities



Visit the zoo, wilderness area or park



Take a drive or local road trip into the country



Learn a new language together and practice speaking it at dinner



Have a picnic in your backyard or on the family room floor



## **New Normal?**

## **Routines Make Kids Feel Safe**

Our daily routines have changed significantly since COVID-19 arrived. Kids sent home from school, parents working from home, daily news about the virus and changes in government restrictions have caused a significant sense of loss of control.

"Children need to have an expectation of what's next," said Karen Williams, LIMHP, mental health therapist at CHI Health. "Routines and structure anchor children. It's not just about making beds and having meals at certain times. Routines make us feel safe."

With families spending more time together, they can do new things, or familiar things in new or different ways.

"Of course, we encourage families to enjoy time together, but also to spend time alone," Williams said. Introverts need time to recharge after social stimulation, while extroverts need that interaction and family togetherness. Spending time alone playing and doing activities as a family are equally valuable.

Much is outside of our control now, so Williams suggests we narrow it down to what we can control, and pick something to manage. Take laundry, for example – does it need to be done? Schedule time to do it. "Create a list of what we need to do each day, and do those to the best of your ability," Williams said.

Housework and chores give people a sense of accomplishment because there is a defined beginning, middle and end. "Sometimes work or schoolwork gives a sense of it being endless," Williams said. "But there is something satisfying about baking cookies, making the bed or mowing the lawn. When it's done, it gives us a sense of productivity and accomplishment."

# Mask Hacks: Helping Kids Cover Up

In Missouri, two hair stylists had close contact with 139 clients while unknowingly sick with COVID-19. Everyone including the stylists wore masks and no one else tested positive.

That's the power of simply covering your nose and mouth. Masks are safe for adults and children as young as two. They do not restrict oxygen or build up carbon dioxide - and they can be worn all day.

To get kids comfortable with wearing masks, start with an ageappropriate talk.

· Young kids need to understand why. "We wear masks so you don't get sick and so others don't get sick."



• Teens do better when their feelings are validated. "Masks are a hassle but they protect your teachers and older relatives from getting sick."

#### **Give Them a Choice**

Let kids pick out and decorate their masks or make one with material they choose.

#### **Play Mask Make Believe**

Have kids practice putting masks on stuffed animals and explaining why they are important.

#### Start Habits at Home

Have the whole family wear masks while watching television, so kids get used to it - and even forget they're wearing one.





### **CHI Health hospitals/locations:**

Creighton University Medical Center -Bergan Mercy

**Good Samaritan** 

**Immanuel** 

Lakeside

Lasting Hope Recovery Center Mercy Council Bluffs

Midlands

Missouri Valley

Nebraska Heart

**Plainview** 

Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility Richard Young Behavioral Health

Schuyler

St. Elizabeth

St. Francis

St. Mary's

Outpatient and virtual mental wellness services available at 23 CHI Health Clinics located in Nebraska and southwest Iowa.

For more information:

**CHIhealth.com** 

402-717-HOPE (Omaha/Lincoln/Council Bluffs)

**308-865-2000** (Kearney/Grand Island)

Mental health services aren't just for those in crisis. We are here to serve you and your family whenever you need help. In a crisis, call:

CHI Health Behavioral Services (Omaha/Lincoln/Council Bluffs) 402-717-HOPE

CHI Health Richard Young Behavioral Services (Kearney/Grand Island) 308-865-2000

Nebraska Family Helpline 1-888-866-8660

Boys Town National Hotline 1-800-448-3000

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline 1-800-273-8255

Red Nacional de Prevención del Suicidio 1-888-628-9454

If you are a danger to yourself or others, or know someone who is, **call 911**.

CHIhealth.com/Behavioral